LEAVING NO ONE BEHIND
Adaptive Social Protection for All in Indonesia and Scaling Up Inclusive Social Protection Programmes in Response to COVID-19

Period: January 2020 – February 2022 (26 months)

Leaving No One Behind: Adaptive Social Protection (ASP) for All in Indonesia and Scaling Up Inclusive Social Protection Programmes in Response to COVID-19 are the very first United Nations Joint Programmes on social protection in Indonesia and have demonstrated the strengths of the UN 'Delivering as One'. They helped to build the resilience of poor and vulnerable households to the impacts of large shocks, such as COVID-19, to ensure that the most vulnerable groups, including women and children, are protected and safeguarded from the adverse socio-economic impact of the crisis. Adaptive Social Protection is one of Indonesia’s national priorities and is part of the country’s strategy on the social protection reform system.

The objectives of the programmes are to support the Government of Indonesia in transforming the existing social protection schemes into Adaptive Social Protection, while supporting the Government in rolling out COVID-19 shock-responsive social protection. The UN Joint Programmes improved the policies and capacity to scale up and expand social protection coverage and fiscal space to include the most affected and marginalized populations and enhanced the resilience of vulnerable individuals and communities to climate-related and other disasters.
Gender
- 2 nationwide surveys on socioeconomic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic and impacts on gender were conducted.
- The UN Joint Programme supported the expansion of vulnerability criteria to include girls, women-headed households, elderly women and pregnant women.
- The UN carried out gender data production and analysis relevant to food security and vulnerability to inform the targeting and policymaking for COVID-19 response and recovery.
- Ensured that Gender Based Violence services were integrated into the social protection response.

Disability
- The UN Joint Programmes efforts led to:
  1. An expansion of the coverage and benefit of social protection programmes to persons with disability affected by disasters.
  2. The inclusion of persons with disability into socioeconomic registration, ensuring that no one is left behind.
  3. An improved availability of new data on persons with disabilities, with a pilot exercise already successfully registering data on 3,325 new persons with disabilities.

**KEY RESULTS**
A total of **77,370,000 individuals** benefited from social protection services. The UN significantly contributed to ensuring that the most vulnerable population was protected and safeguarded from the adverse socioeconomic impact of the COVID-19 crisis, while developing the foundation of adaptive social protection in Indonesia.

**Partnership and Coordination**
- Cross-sectoral and inter-ministerial coordination for ASP improved.

**Inclusive Policy and Procedure**
- Fiscal space analysis for ASP was conducted through micro simulations.
- Alternative options for financing ASP were explored, including religious-based financing, crowdfunding, social bonds, and private sector financing.

**Technical and Operational Capacity**
- The Government disaster mitigation information system to inform where and which vulnerable people would be potentially impacted by disasters and to be provided with social assistance, was strengthened and expanded.
- Provided capacity building for frontline workers, incl. 1,985 social workers, 1,337 parents/caregivers and COVID-19 Task Forces.
- Disseminated Learning Kits on Public Communication to an estimated 78,697 volunteers operating under the Ministry of Social Affairs.

**Monitor, Evaluate and Learn**
- Analytical reports on ASP were made available and disseminated.
- Learning and sharing events were conducted.
- Advocacy for the development and sustainability of locally-led social protection programme at the sub-national level was made.

**LEAVE NO ONE BEHIND**
71 / 76 activities focused specifically on vulnerable groups.

**20,540,000 individuals** benefited from social protection services with support from the UN Joint Programme.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the UN has scaled-up its support to the Government in rolling out COVID-19 shock-responsive social protection, allowing to expand the reach to **77,370,000 individuals**.